

meeting in April 1988. He continues to serve as the Secretary-Treasurer of the Middle Atlantic Conference on British Studies.

Hamilton Cravens, 1969, professor of history at Iowa State University, will be Fulbright Distinguished Professor of American History at the University of Goettingen, Goettingen, West Germany, during 1988-1989. He will teach American intellectual history and will also do research on aspects of German and American intellectual, scientific, and cultural relations during the nineteenth century. He will also be writing an interpretive history of American thought and culture 1900-1920 for a major publisher. His *The Triumph of Evolution: The Heredity-Environment Controversy 1900-1941*, originally published in hardback by the University of Pennsylvania Press a decade ago, will be published in paper in the Fall 1988 by the Johns Hopkins University Press. He reports further that he now has a rough draft of hundreds of pages of the monograph on the Iowa Child Welfare Research Station written and hopes to turn it into a book amidst helpings of *wurst und bier* in Goettingen next year. In 1987-1988 he chaired sessions at the History of Science Society, in Raleigh, North Carolina and at the Organization of American Historians meeting in Reno, Nevada. He gave an invited paper, "Child-Saving in Modern America, 1870-1960," at a symposium on the theme of children at risk in contemporary America, sponsored by the Rockefeller Archive Center, the Rockefeller Brothers Fund, the Rockefeller Family Fund, and the Hazen Foundation of New York. This was in May, 1988, at Mt. Kisco, New York. The proceedings in the symposium will be published. Two articles have appeared in print during the year: "Applied Science and Public Policy: The Ohio Bureau of Juvenile Research and the Scientific Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency, 1913-1930," in Michael M. Sokal, ed., *Psychological Testing in American Society, 1890-1930* (New Brunswick, N.J.: Rutgers University Press, 1987): 158-194, and "Recent Controversy in Human Development: A Historical View," *Human Development* 30 (1987): 325-335. He also wrote several book reviews, or review essays, for several journals. During the last year he has taken over the editorship of a scholarly book series in the history of technology and science with the Iowa State University Press. He is also the co-editor, with his colleague Alan I. Marcus, of a special issue of *American Studies* on the influence of society and culture on science, technology, and medicine. He spent a considerable amount of time in his job as chair of the editorial board of *American Studies* arranging for the first ever systematic review of the journal in its nearly thirty years of existence. Finally, he notes, last fall, the

Publications Committee of the American Studies Association, of which he was a member, was eliminated by the Council of the American Studies Association as unnecessary, which he thought a pity, as the few delightful and giddily entrepreneurial as well, which, if not precisely necessary, was nevertheless good, clean fun.

Carroll Engelhardt, 1969, is serving his third term as chair of the History Department at Concordia College, Moorhead, Minnesota. In May 1987 he coled a five-week travel seminar to Europe for the study of "Our Greek Inheritance." At the Northern Great Plains History Conference, held in October 1987, he presented a paper—"Writing the History of Concordia College"—at a session entitled "Confessions of Kept Historians." During 1988 he published book reviews in *The Annals of Iowa* and *South Dakota History* and two articles—"Henry Sabin (1829-1918): 'The Aristocracy of Character' and Educational Leadership in Iowa" and "Compulsory Education in Iowa, 1872-1919," *The Annals of Iowa*, 48(Winter/Spring 1987), 388-412 and 49(Summer/Fall 1987), 58-76. He continues to work on the centennial history of Concordia due for publication in 1991.

Thomas J. Schlereth, 1969, has been appointed a Contributing Editor for the *Journal of American History*. His principal responsibility will be the coordination of the peer review of history museum exhibitions mounted in the United States and Canada dealing with all aspects of American history. During 1987-1988, he published several articles including: "H.H. Richardson's Influence in Chicago's Midwest, 1872-1914," in *The Spirit of H.H. Richardson on the Midland Prairies* (Ames, Iowa State University Press, 1988); "Reviewing History Museum Exhibits," *History News*, 43:3 (1988); "Solon Spencer Beman, Pullman, and the European Influence on an Interest in His Chicago Architecture," in *Chicago Architecture, 1872-1922: Birth of a Metropolis* (Munich: Prestel-Verlag, 1987); "Chautauqua: A Middle Landscape of the Middle Calss," *North American Culture*, 3:2 (1988); "Defining Collecting Missions: National and Regional Models," in *A Common Agenda for History Museums: Conference Proceedings* (Washington, DC: The Smithsonian Institution, 1987); and *Craftsmanship as Scholarship* (Franklin, Indiana: Franklin College, 1987). During the 1987-88 academic year, Schlereth presented research papers at the University of Delaware, the Oakland Museum, the University of Western Ontario, and the Art Institute of Chicago. For the academic year 1988-89 he has received research fellowships from the Jesse H. Jones Foundation as well as a National Endowment for the Humanities Fellowship.

John Sommerville, 1970, continues at the University of Florida, where his time, he tells us, is consumed largely in departmental searches when he is not serving on committees. He assumes that department faculty and fellow alumni must be adopting his *The Rise and Fall of Childhood* for courses, because his royalties keep rising. His "The Destruction of Religious Culture in Pre-Industrial England" will appear in the next issue of the *Journal of Religious History*.

Niel Johnson, 1971, is coordinator of the New Sweden '88 Committee of Greater Kansas City, which is organizing events in observance of the 350th anniversary of the first permanent settlement of Swedes in America. The committee sponsored a gala banquet and historical exhibit in Kansas City in April 1988. Dr. Johnson was re-elected president of the Scandinavian Club of Greater Kansas City in April, 1988. He also is president of the American Friends of the Emigrant Institute of Sweden, whose main purpose is to conduct oral history interviews with Swedish immigrants and their progeny. Dr. Johnson has interviewed thirty Swedish-Americans in the Kansas City area. The organization's secretary and field researcher, Lennart Setterdahl, has interviewed nearly 650 Swedish-Americans since 1984, and a portion of the collection has been purchased by the Emigrant Institute of Växjö, Sweden. At the Missouri Valley History Conference in March, 1988, Dr. Johnson commented on a paper dealing with recent historiography on Herbert Hoover and another on the reading habits of Harry Truman. Dr. Johnson is employed by the Truman Library as an archivist and oral historian.

Harold L. Smith, 1971, professor of history at the University of Houston, Victoria, presented a paper on "The 1927 Crisis in British Feminism" at the Western Conference on British Studies at Lincoln, Nebraska. He was elected WCBS president for 1987-88. He was the recipient of the 1988 UHV Outstanding Teacher award. He published book reviews in *Albion* and the *Journal of Southern History*, an essay on "Leonard T. Hobhouse" in *Great Lives From History: British Series* (Salem Press), and essays on Hobhouse, G.D.H. Cole and Henry Massingham in the *Biographical Dictionary of Modern British Radicals* (Harvester Press).

David DeLeon, 1972, associate professor of history, Howard University (Washington, D.C.) had his third book published simultaneously in hardbound and paperback: *Everything is Changing: Contemporary U.S. Movements in Historical Perspective* (Praeger, 1988)

Roger Fechner, 1974, professor of history at Adrian College, completed 25 years of college teaching this spring. Fechner also completed his two-year term as

the first vice-president of the Eighteenth-Century Scottish Studies Society, an international scholarly society with 150 members he helped found in 1986. He acted as chair and commentator for the session "American Connections" for the conference, *The Social World of the Scottish Enlightenment*, sponsored jointly by the Institute of Scottish Studies at Old Dominion University and ECSSS and held in Virginia Beach, Virginia, April 6-9, 1988. Fechner also co-authored the constitution and by-laws of ECSSS with Richard Sher, Professor of History and Dean at the New Jersey Institute of Technology and the Executive Secretary of ECSSS. Later in April he represented ECSSS at a meeting of related and affiliated societies of the American Society for Eighteenth-Century Studies at its annual meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee. Fechner will be on sabbatical leave during the spring semester of 1988-89 to pursue research on a book-length project, *American Moral Philosophy in the Age of Enlightenment and Revolution, 1750-1800*.

Michael Hogan, 1974, continues as professor of history at Ohio State University and as editor of the journal *Diplomatic History*. His book, *The Marshall Plan: America, Britain, and the Reconstruction of Western Europe, 1947-1952* (1987), won the Publication Prize awarded annually by the Ohio Academy of History and the Stuart L. Bernath Book Prize, awarded by the Society for Historians of American Foreign Relations.

Mary Kelley, 1974, associate professor of history at Dartmouth College and co-chair of the Women's Studies Program, was recently elected to the Society of American Historians. Her recent publications include *The Limits of Sisterhood: The Beecher Sisters on Women's Rights and Woman's Sphere*, which she co-authored with Jeanne Boydston and Anne Margolis and which was published as the inaugural volume for The University of North Carolina Press series on "Gender and American Culture." She also edited and wrote a critical introduction for Catharine Maria Sedgwick's 1827 novel, *Hope Leslie*, which appeared in Rutgers University Press's American Women Writers Series. Kelley is currently working on a book-length study examining the emergence of women into the public life of America in early nineteenth-century America. In addition, she is working on a collection of Catharine Maria Sedgwick's writings which is tentatively titled "Everything for the Majority: Catharine Maria Sedgwick on Class, Gender, and Culture in Antebellum America." On January 11, 1988 she delivered a paper titled "Equality and Difference: Harriet Beecher Stowe's 'Woman Controversy,'" for the Winter Term Faculty Seminar at Middlebury College, Middlebury, Vermont and she presented a paper on February 25, 1988 titled,

"Women's Rights and Woman's Duties: The Trajectory of Harriet Beecher Stowe's Feminism," before the American Studies Symposium at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, N.C. She was a commentator for the panel titled "Survival Strategies for Academic Women," at the Annual Meeting of the American Studies Association in New York City on November 23, 1987 and at the panel "Finding Time: Personal/Professional Conflicts of Women Historians," at the Annual Meeting of the Organization of American Historians in Reno, Nevada on March 26, 1988. Professor Kelley is in the second year of her three-year term as an elected member of the National Council of the American Studies Association and was chosen this year to serve as a member of the Executive committee of the council of the American Studies Association. She is on the editorial board of the *American Quarterly*, and *Legacy: A Journal of Nineteenth-Century American Women Writers* and is a member of the Advisory Board of the Program in the History of the Book in American Culture for the American Antiquarian Society. In 1987 she completed her tenure as a member of the editorial board of *The Journal of American History*.

JoAnn Manfra, 1975, has completed her first five-year term as head of the Humanities Department at the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Worcester, Massachusetts. This year she published "An Emendation on the Church-State Problematic: The French Connection," in *The Lively Experiment Continued*, edited by Jerald C. Brauer, a festschrift dedicated to Sidney E. Mead. She and Robert R. Dykstra, Iowa, 1964, professor of history at SUNY Albany, have received an Interpretive Research/Projects Grant from the National Endowment for the Humanities that will enable them to continue their joint research on the black families of Rowanty in postbellum Dinwiddie County, Virginia, from the early postbellum era to 1910.

Russell Menard, 1975, professor at the University of Minnesota, completed his term as Chair of the History Department ("the Don of History") in June 1988. He will be on sabbatical during 1988-89 to work on a book, *The Origins of an American Slave Society: The Carolina-Georgia Low Country in the Eighteenth Century*.

Trudy Huskamp Peterson, 1975, continues to serve as the Assistant Archivist for the National Archives. She is President of the Agricultural History Society (1988-89), serves as a member of the Executive Council of the Society for History in the Federal Government, and has just completed a year as President of the Capitol Hill Restoration Society. Her article "The National Archives and the Archival Theorist Revis-

ited, 1954-1984," won the 1987 Fellows' Posner Prize of the Society of American Archivists. *Janus*, the journal of the International Council on Archives, published her article, "Federal Records, Privacy, and Public Officials in the United States."

Mariam Darce Frenier, 1978, is presently an associate professor of East Asian history, women's history, and women's studies at the University of Minnesota, Morris. Her *GOOD-BYE HEATHCLIFF: Changing Heroes, Heroines, Roles and Values in Women's Category Romances* was published in June 1988 by Greenwood Press. She is also circulating an article: "The Quiet American and 'The Quiet American': From British Literature to American Propaganda."

Loren N. Horton, 1978, continues to work at the State Historical Society of Iowa, as Coordinator of Field Services and Special Projects. He published an article, "A Sphere of Moral Philanthropy: Prison Reform in the Victorian Period" in *Hope and Glory*, and contributed book reviews to *Nebraska History* and *Annals of Iowa*. He read papers at the meetings of the American Library Association, the Missouri State Genealogical Association, the Midwest Museums Conference, the American Association for State and Local History, at the Adams County and Quincy (Illinois) Historical Society and as part of the Arlington Heights Public Library forum series. He completed a term as Vice President of the Iowa Genealogical Society, was elected to the Council of the American Association of Museums, was elected Vice President, Iowa Chapter, of the Victorian Society in America and was appointed Historiographer for the Diocese of Iowa, Protestant Episcopal Church. He continues to serve as the Chair of the Nominations Committee, and of the Special Awards and Recognition Committee, of the Midwest Museums Conference.

Bill Iles, 1978, has been Director for Alumni Relations for Virginia Commonwealth University in Richmond, Virginia since September, 1987.

Phil Myers, 1978, is Associate Graduate Dean at Mankato State University and a member of the Graduate History Faculty. In the past year he has written several reviews, refereed several manuscripts, and authored a grant for minority graduate assistantships. He chaired a cultural diversity curriculum committee, which reviewed the status of diversity in the undergraduate and graduate curriculums. He directs an interdisciplinary master's program. He continues to work on a manuscript about historical explanation.

Bill Silag, 1979, is managing editor at the Iowa State University Press in Ames. In addition to supervising

the Press's editorial department, he is active in acquiring new titles and in applying computer technology to the production of books. His most recent publications include newsletter items on technical aspects of publishing.

Paula Nelson, 1984, reports that the University of Iowa Press published her revised dissertation, *After the West Was Won: Homesteaders and Townbuilders in Western South Dakota, 1900-1917* in December, 1986. In 1987 the Western History Association awarded it the \$1000 Jackson Prize for best first book by a professional historian on any aspect of the west. Also in 1987 Paula received an Albert J. Beveridge grant from the American Historical Association to aid her research for her next book, *The Prairie Winnows Out Its Own*, the story of the west river country of South Dakota in the Dust Bowl and Depression years. During the 1987-88 academic year Paula held a tenure-track position as the American historian at Clarke College in Dubuque, Iowa. In the spring of 1988 she accepted a tenure-track position at the University of Wisconsin-Platteville and began teaching there in the fall.

Evan A. Thomas, 1986, completed his first year as assistant professor of history at Grand View College. As one member of a three-person department he taught Western civilization, Europe Since 1815, and Modern Japan. In May 1987 he presented a paper, "Forrest Spaulding: Des Moines' Foremost Librarian and Author of the Library Bill of Rights," as part of the Des Moines Public Library's celebration of the bicentennial of the Constitution.

Richard Byrne, 1987, presented a paper entitled "The Mutual Security Act of 1951: American Foreign Assistance Policy and the Mutual Security Pledges" at the Missouri Valley History conference held at Omaha, Nebraska in March 1987. He defended his

dissertation in September, 1987 and was awarded the Ph.D. in December. His current research project is American foreign assistance policy and programs during the Eisenhower presidency.

Brian E. Strayer, 1987, has continued teaching Early Modern European History courses at Andrews University in Berrien Springs, Michigan since receiving his Ph.D. in European History. He is completing his fifth year there. He teaches such classes as Renaissance and Reformation, French History, English History, Age of Absolutism, Colonial America, Honors Civ. I & II, as well as the regular Western Civilization courses. Since completing his dissertation, he has published an article in the *Journal of Adventist Education* entitled "Integrating 'Herstory' into History" (April-May issue). He is presently working in local history, researching the sources for a book on the history of Union Springs Academy, his alma mater, from 1902 to 1989. Just for fun, he is compiling all the bloopers submitted on student exam papers from the University of Iowa, Southern College, and Andrews University for another manuscript tentatively titled "Wit and Wisdom in Western Civ." (1978-1988)

John G. Kolp, 1988 began a joint appointment at the U.S. Naval Academy as an Administrative Professor of Computer Services and an Assistant Professor of History in November 1987. He will teach one course per semester in the History Department and will serve as computing liaison for the humanities and social science departments. His Ph.D. thesis, "The Flame of Burgessing: Elections and the Political Communities of Colonial Virginia, 1728-1775," was successfully defended on March 9, 1988.