Departmental Notes

The department appointed one new member to the regular faculty, Mitchell Ash, who will take a one-year leave of absence before joining the faculty in the fall of 1984 as an assistant professor in the history of modern science. Professor Ash obtained his doctorate from Harvard in 1982 after submitting a dissertation entitled "The Emergence of Gestalt Theory: Experimental Psychology in Germany, 1890-1920."

Professor Henry Horwitz will take a second year's leave of absence while working in a New York law firm. Carole Levin will serve a second year as visiting assistant professor specializing in early modern England.

Professor John B. Henneman will take a leave of absence for the next two years while moving to Princeton as history bibliographer in the Firestone Library. He will be replaced in 1983-84 by Visiting Assistant Professor Stephanie Mooers, who is completing a doctorate in medieval history at the University of California, Santa Barbara. Henneman will be succeeded as chairman by Malcolm Rohrbough.

Michael Marmé, a doctoral candidate at the University of California, Berkeley, was a visiting faculty member in Chinese history in the second semester.

Three other visiting faculty will be joining the department for the 1983-84 academic year: Elisabeth Perry (Ph.D. UCLA 1967), a specialist in early modern France and American women's history; Reinhold Kiermayr (Ph.D. Arizona State 1982), a specialist in Reformation and German history; and Karen Nicholas (Ph.D. Brown 1972), who will teach ancient and medieval history as well as Western Civilization.

The undergraduate enrollments in history courses at the 100 level have increased 67 percent in two years, part of the enrollment boom that has overtaken The University of Iowa. In 1980-81, the University had around 23,000 students, while in 1984-85 the projected enrollment will be 33,000 students.

In a well-publicized recent survey of graduate programs by the Associated Research Councils, this department scored a 58, fifth highest in the Big Ten. Only one other department in the University (Biochemistry), scored higher. We remain the smallest history department in the Big Ten.

Of the last 20 Guggenheim Fellowships awarded to members of The University of Iowa faculty, eight (40%) have been won by members of the history department.

The department is grateful to our old friend Anne Prange, who established a fellowship at The University of Iowa Foundation for doctoral students in modern European history. The Prange Fellowship is made possible by the spectacular success of At Dawn We Slept, the posthumously published work on Pearl Harbor by the late Gordon W. Prange (Ph.D. 1937). The first Prange Fellowship was awarded to Thomas Smith, who is completing a dissertation on Wyndham Lewis.

Thanks to the generosity of many of you to the History Graduate Fellowship Fund at The University of Iowa Foundation, the department awarded grants-in-aid to three other doctoral candidates—William Dean, Marcelline Hutton, and Elaine Kuehn. Contributions to this fund are very much appreciated.

Finally, it is with very great sorrow that we report the sudden and untimely death of Norman Schlesser (Ph.D. 1981) on February 21. Norman was assistant professor of history at Peru State College in Nebraska and was to have appeared on the programs of several conferences this spring.

Conferences at Iowa

On April 8-9, 1983, The University of Iowa was host for the twenty-ninth annual conference of the Society for French Historical Studies of which Alan
Spitzer was president and Ralph Giesevice-president. As well as the traditional sessions and seminars, there were addresses by Professors François Furet and Mona Ozouf, both of the École des Hautes Études en Sciences Sociales. Professor Natalie Zemon Davis of Princeton University introduced and discussed the film, Le Retour de Martin Guerre. The University's Museum of Art displayed French works of art and the School of Music presented scenes from French opera.

On April 22, 1983, the Center for the Study of the Recent History of the United States sponsored its fourth conference, "The New Deal: Viewed from Fifty Years," at the Highlander Inn in Iowa City. More than two hundred persons, including invited teachers of twentieth-century American history from Iowa's colleges and universities, heard papers at the afternoon session presented by Bernard Sternsher of Bowling Green State University, Elliot Rosen of Rutgers University, Newark, and Alan Jones of Grinnell College. Richard S. Kirkendall of Iowa State University served as commentator. At the evening session, Otis Graham, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, delivered the principal address. On the center's Advisory Committee, the history department is represented by Ellis Hawley, Shelton Stromquist, Stephen Pyne, and by Lawrence Gelfand, who is the current chairperson. The center is a consortium whose institutional members are The University of Iowa, the Herbert Hoover Presidential Library, and the Iowa State Historical Department—Office of the State Historical Society.

At the end of June, the twenty-third annual "Climetrics" conference was held in Iowa City with the sponsorship of the departments of History and Economics and the financial assistance of the Chase Manhattan Bank and Continental Illinois Bank. This is the conference's third year at Iowa. About 40 people from around the country participated. This included the effect of the abolition of slavery on the savings rate 1870-1914, the impact of the Napoleonic War on the wages of British workers, the causes of the bank failures of the early 1930s, and similar pieces of economics applied to historical problems.

Faculty

David Arushis, who was on leave in the spring, has been working on two projects. As part of the first, Chinese peasant culture on the eve of the revolution, he completed a paper, "Orthodoxy and Heterodoxy in Chinese Peasant Proverbs," for inclusion in a forthcoming volume, Heterodoxy in Late Imperial China: Essays in Inquiry, in Chicago in April, he presented to the Midwest Regional Seminar on China a paper called "If a Man Works Hard the Land Will Not Be Lazy; North Chinese Peasant Proverbs and the Culture of Poverty." The other project is selecting and translating Chinese impressions of the United States over the last hundred years, which he is doing in collaboration with Professor Leo Lee of the University of Chicago. In connection with this they wrote a paper called "Chinese Views of America, 1869-1950" for a volume to be edited by Akira Iriye. On the less serious side, he has developed a certain expertise with microcomputers and recently gave a talk at Indiana University on configuring Wordstar to the NEC/C.Dot family of matrix dot printers.

T. D. Bozeman completed drafts of two books on Puritan thought. At the April meeting of the American Society of Church History, he chaired a session, "Science, Religion, and Education in America," and is a member of the society's current program committee.

Jeffrey Cox received an Old Gold Fellowship for the summer of 1982 and was appointed chairperson of the Conference on British Studies Walter D. Love Memorial Prize Committee, which makes an annual award for the best article in British studies by a North American scholar. The National Endowment for the Humanities awarded him a Fellowship for Independent Study and Research for 1983-84 to study "The British Missionary Enterprise and India, 1857-1947."

In December Lawrence Gelfand completed his term as president of the Society for Historians of American Foreign Relations. At the society's luncheon held during the AHA meeting in Washington, D.C., he delivered a paper, "The Mystique of Wilsonian Statecraft," due to be published in the spring issue of Diplomatic History. Along with graduate student Scott R. Hall, he contributed two jointly compiled chapters to the Guide to American Foreign Relations Since 1700 (Santa Barbara: ABC Clio Press, 1982). Gelfand also wrote the preface to this huge reference work. He continues to chair the advisory committee of the center for the study of the recent history of the United States, in which The University of Iowa, the Hoover Presidential Library, and the State Historical Society are participating institutional members. Along with Dean Louise Kerr of Loyola University of Chicago, he will begin a second year as cochairperson of the national membership committee, Organization of American Historians. He serves as a consultant for the preparation of the CIC's forthcoming radio series covering the history of the United States, a project headquartered at the University of Wisconsin, Madison. And he continues to review volumes appearing in the sounding series The Papers of Woodrow Wilson as published by the Princeton University Press for West Virginia History.

During the academic year 1982-83, Ralph Giese acted as the department's assistant chairman (directing graduate studies) and served on the editorial board of the UI Press. From mid-May through June he was a visiting member at the Institute for Ad-
vanced Study. In October he gave a talk to the History Society at the University of Rochester on the current work by himself, Lainny Hale, and James Millhorn on treason in early modern France, after which he presided over one of the sessions of a conference of historians and anthropologists at SUNY-Binghampton devoted to ritual and ceremonial. Giese tended bar at the department's (by now) celebrated annual party at the AHA convention. An article, "State Building in Early Modern France," will appear in the June issue of the Journal of Modern History.

Jonathan A. Goldstein has been awarded a Senior Faculty Fellowship in the Humanities for the spring and summer of 1984. He will use it to write a book on the reactions to foreign domination exhibited by the ancient Jews, Egyptians, Babylonians, and Zoroastrian Persians. He read a paper, "Tacitus Aemulator," at the meeting of the American Philosophical Association in Philadelphia in December. His book, *H Meconbeans* (Anchor Bible, Vol. 41A), should be published by the end of 1983.

In October 1982 Paul Greenough's book, *Prosperity and Misery in Modern Bengal, the Famine of 1943-44* (New York: Oxford), was published. In December 1982-January 1983, he was in Delhi presenting a paper on the death of charismatic politicians to a South Asia political economy conference—and sightseeing in Rajasthan. He took the spring term 1983 off to work on several projects: a report on foreign language instruction and study in the University, the editing of a collection of underground newspapers from Bengal, and the preparation of research proposals to write the history of the U.S. Epidemic Intelligence Service, a branch of the Center for Disease Control in Atlanta. In May he was in London at the India Office Library and sheltering under the SSRC umbrella.

Charles A. Hale served on the Bolton Prize Committee of the Conference on Latin American History to select the best book in Latin American history published in English during 1981. He is serving for two years (1981-83) as coordinator of the Latin American Studies Program at Iowa. He continues work on his long-term project, "Scientific Politics and Liberalism in Mexico, 1867-1910."

Sarah Hanley published a book, *The Lit de Justice of the Kings of France: Constitutional Ideology in Legend, Ritual, and Discourse* (Princeton, 1983); an article, "The Discours Politiques in Monarchique Ideology: Resistance Right in Sixteenth-Century France," in *Annali della Facoltà di Scienze Politiche, IX, Quaderni di Storia, 7*, 1982-83; and reviews in the *Annales: Economies, Sociétés, Civilisations, the Renaissance Quarterly,* the *Sixteenth Century Journal,* and the *American Historical Review.* Hanley gave a paper at a meeting of the International Commission for the History of Parliamentary and Representative Institutions, University of Perugia, Italy, for which she received an American Council of Learned Societies' travel grant. She was appointed to the editorial board of the *Sixteenth Century Journal,* and she served on the organizing committee for the meeting of the Society for French Historical Studies. A recipient of the Faculty Scholar Award, she will spend the academic year 1983-84 in Paris for research on a new monograph, "Orphans of the Storm: The Social Legacy of the French Religious Wars."


Henneman is concluding his third and final year as chairman of the department, after which he will leave the University to take up the position of history bibliographer at the Princeton University Library.

Sydney James presented a paper at a history department seminar at Washington University, St. Louis, on November 15, 1982. The subject was "Ecclesiastical Authority in the Land of Roger Williams." On January 18, 1983, he gave the opening lecture in a series sponsored by the Rhode Island Historical Society and the Providence Preservation Society. His speech was titled "Rhode Island, from Classical Democracy to British Province."

Linda K. Krause read a historiographical essay, "The Republican Synthesis Revisited," at the annual
meeting of the AHA in December. “Can a Woman Be an Individual? The Limits of the Puritan Tradition in the Early Republic” will appear in June in a special issue of *Texas Studies in Literature and Language* on Puritan themes in the nineteenth century. She lectured on various aspects of American women’s history at the University College of Wales in Aberystwyth, Knox College, Oberlin College, and the University of Arizona. She delivered the keynote address, “Relocating the Past: Teaching Women’s History in the Core Curriculum,” at a conference in San Francisco sponsored by the Organization of American Historians. She also gave the keynote address, “Republican Motherhood 1776-1983,” at a symposium sponsored by St. Olaf College and the Minnesota Humanities Board.

Linda Kerber serves on the regional screening committee for the Mellon Fellowships in the Humanities, the editorial boards of the *Journal of American History* and *Signs: Journal of Women in Culture and Society*, and the Joint AHA-APSAC Oversight Committee of Project 57. Thanks to a fellowship from the National Endowment for the Humanities, she will be on leave next year to begin work on an intellectual history of women in America.


In February she presented a Humanities Series lecture at The University of Iowa on sixteenth-century queenship and in May presented a paper on this topic at the Newberry Library conference “Changing Perspectives of Women in the Renaissance” in Chicago. In March she spoke about integrating women’s history into the European survey at the Mainstreaming Women’s History Conference at the University of Kansas and about the witch craze in European history at Arizona State University for the women in communication seminar. In April she presented a paper on Tudor homilies at the Popular Culture Association Convention in Wichita, Kansas.

Donald McCloskey exercised his Guggenheim in the spring, pursuing research on English enclosures and on the rhetoric of economics. To make time for such activities, he surrendered the mace of office as chair of economics, though continuing to serve as editor of the *Journal of Economic History*. During the summer of 1983, he was a fellow at the Institute of Advanced Studies and the Department of Economic History at Australian National University.

Allan Megill served as chairperson of The University of Iowa Faculty Rhetoric Seminar this year and on the program committee of the Society for French Historical Studies convention. He is also on the planning committee for a conference, “The Rhetoric of the Human Sciences,” to be held at The University of Iowa next year. In October he gave a public lecture at the University of Vermont entitled “Liberation, Technology, and Truth in Foucault” to which Michel Foucault was respondent. He organized and chaired a session, “What Can Historians Learn from Foucault?” at the Social Science History Association convention held at Indiana University in November. An article, “Vico and Marx after Nietzsche,” appeared in Giorgio Tagliacozzo, ed., *Vico and Marx: Affinities and Contrasts* (Atlantic Highlands, N.J.: Humanities Press, 1983), pp. 388-400; several other items are in the publications pipeline. He continues to pursue his research interests in contemporary thought and in the rhetoric of inquiry.

Jaroslaw Peleński served as the coordinator of the Viacheslav Lypynsky Centennial Conference, sponsored by the Ukrainian Research Institute, Harvard University and V. Lypynsky, East European Research Institute (Philadelphia), held in New York, December 18-20, 1982. He read a paper at this conference: “V. K. Lypynsky Revisited: Reflections on the Problem of Elite in Political Theory and Practice.” He also presented the same paper at the Viacheslav Lypynsky Centennial Conference held at the Ukrainian Research Institute, Harvard University, October 22-23, 1982.

Stephen J. Pyne was on leave for fall semester, during which time he completed his monograph, *Dutton’s Point: An Intellectual History of the Grand Canyon*, and his textbook, *Introduction to Wildland Fire* (Wiley-Interscience). He was the principal speaker at the wild game banquet sponsored by the Iowa State University School of Forestry; delivered a paper on the history of forest fire prevention to the U.S. Forest Service, Region 6 Workshop (Rogue River National Forest); and, as distinguished lecturer, presented talks on Antarctica, G. K. Gilbert, and the “Coming of Fire to America” at Baylor University. He completed book reviews for *American Studies, Isis*, and *Technology and Culture*. Two excerpts from his book *Fire in America* were published: “Fire Primeval,” *Sciences* 22(6): 14-20 and “Indian Fires,” *Natural History* 92(2): 6,8,10-11. And he had two articles accepted for publication: “Earth and Ice,” *Antarctic Journal* and “Fire on the Mountain, Fire in the Lab,” *American Quarterly*. He continues to work, generally, on his history of Antarctica. For the summer of 1983 he has been hired as a fire management specialist by Rocky Mountain National Park to design a fire management program.
MALCOLM J. ROUGHBOUGH spent the summer of 1982 in Australia as visiting professor of American studies at the Flinders University of South Australia. This spring he has been visiting professor of history at the University of Arizona in Tucson.

ALAN B. SPITZER was president of the Society for French Historical Studies, 1982-83. His article, “Restoration Political Theory and the Debate over the Law of the Double Vote,” appeared in the Journal of Modern History 55 (March 1983). He has been appointed by President James Freedman as his representative to the Iowa Humanities Board.

SHELTON STRONGQUIST joined the department in August 1982. He has been completing revisions on a book manuscript that will be published by the University of Illinois Press dealing with patterns of labor conflict on nineteenth-century American railroads. His article, “Enginemen and Shopmen: Technological Change and the Organization of Work in an Era of Railroad Expansion,” will appear in Labor History, fall 1983. In February he managed to be in Washington for “the big snow” as a review panel member in the Museums and Historical Organizations division of the National Endowment for the Humanities. He is currently serving as a member of the advisory board of the Center for the Study of the Recent History of the United States and serves on the advisory committee of the Iowa Labor Oral History Project.

DONALD SUTHERLAND was speaker in a symposium on the teaching of legal history in the annual meeting of the American Society for Legal History at St. Louis, Missouri, in October 1982. In February 1983 he visited Emory University in Atlanta, Georgia, as Woodruff Lecturer, speaking on “Common Law and Local Law: The Correction of County Government in Northamptonshire (England), 1330.”

New Graduates

Ph.D.s awarded since fall 1981:


ZOE D. OAKLEAF, “Poverty in Leicester at the Turn of the Century” (Lafore)—December 1982.


Old Graduates

ELMER ELLIS, 1930, was one of two former presidents of the Organization of American Historians who received Distinguished Service Citations. Ellis was president of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association, 1950-51, and received the citation at the meeting of the OAH in Philadelphia on April 1, 1982.


ARTHUR G. UMSCHEID, 1935, professor of history and dean emeritus of the Graduate School, wrote a biographical tribute to Edward Creighton, founder of Creighton University. It was read at ceremonies in the State Capitol on March 2, 1983, at the unveiling of a bust of Creighton and his induction into the Nebraska Hall of Fame. The manuscript is deposited in the archives of the state. Officially retired, Dr. Umscheid continues to teach part-time.

HAROLD T. HAGG, 1936, chaired the session on Minnesota history at the Seventeenth Annual Northwestern Great Plains History Conference held at Bemidji, Minnesota, October 7, 8, and 9, 1982.

CARL B. CONE, 1940, professor of history, emeritus at the University of Kentucky, continues to reside in Lexington. He published “The Genesis of John Jorocks, Fox Hunter” in the Kentucky Review (July 1982); “Growing Up in Iowa City” in the Palimpsest (January-February 1983); and “The Molineaux-Cribb Fight, 1810: Wuz Tom Molineaux Robbed?” in the Journal of Sport History (winter 1982-83). (The answer to the question is NO.) Cone has reviews in the Register of the Kentucky Historical Society (The Classic Racehorse by Peter Willett) and the American Historical Review (Ian Christie, Wars and Revolutions, Britain, 1760-1815; and Frank O’Gorman, The Emergence of the British Two-Party System, 1760-1832). He served on the membership committee of the Southern Historical Association.

He publishes occasionally on sundry topics in the Lexington newspaper. His wife threatened dreadful consequences if he sent in a spoof called “The Official Party,” written during the NCAA basketball tournaments but she lifted the censorship for “A Burghoo at McGrathiana,” a piece on the breeder and owner of the winner of the first Kentucky Derby.

VERGER S. FOGDALL, 1947, after serving in admissions and in the history department for 27 years at Lewis and Clark College, Portland, Oregon, in retirement is now teaching in the continuing education program of Marylhurst College, a liberal arts college for lifelong learning. Since Dr. John McLoughlin of Hudson’s Bay Company fame was born on October 19, 1784, Fogdall will be working with municipal groups in Oregon City and Vancouver, Washington, on their bicentennial observances.
R. Bruce Harley, 1948, retired March 31, 1983, as chief historian of the Fifteenth Air Force, March Air Force Base, California, after 28 years of federal service. Among the honors presented at his retirement ceremony was the meritorious Civil Service Award, the citation reading in part, "His distinctive accomplishments culminate a distinguished career and reflect great credit upon himself, the Strategic Air Command and the United States Air Force." His most recent publication was an anniversary booklet, "15th Air Force: The First 40 Years," covering 1943-83. He is now engaged in researching a seventy-fifth anniversary book on the history of March Field. Also, he continues to teach history courses for Chapman College at several air bases near his home in Riverside, California.

Aubrey C. Land, 1948, assumed the presidency of the Southern Historical Association in November of 1982.

Eugene M. Emme, 1949, chaired the first judging of the Astronautical Literature Award, established by the American Astronautical Society. Prize book was Global Talk by Dr. Joseph Pelton of the Intelsat organization, which treated the full history and the significance of space communications. Emme organized a symposium in March 1983, "25 Years of NASA," held at the NASA Goddard Space Flight Center by AAS. It featured outstanding survey memoirs, plus a half-day discussion. Emme is preparing for the University of Kentucky Press a book on the White House and the space program from Truman on, upgrading new research in addition to reassuring not easily available sources.

Donald F. Pierce, 1949, professor of history, Eastern Washington University, Cheney, Washington, retired as department chairman. His professional activities include papers presented during the last three years to the annual meeting of the group formerly named the Rocky Mountain Conference on British Studies. Personal note: survivor of the Mount St. Helens eruption, contemplating retirement.

Walter F. Peterson, 1951, continues to serve as president of the University of Dubuque. He also serves this year as the chairman of the board of governors of the Iowa College Foundation.

Nobert J. Gossman, 1952, of the University of Detroit, spent the fall term 1982 in London continuing his research on chartism and British radicalism.

Harry M. Hutson, 1952, resigned from the chairmanship of the Department of History and Political Science at the University of Tennessee at Martin in December 1982 and returned to full-time teaching. He held the position since 1969.

John H. Benson, 1953, has elected to take early retirement, effective June 1983. Laws, recently passed by the Wisconsin Legislature, permit faculty in the University of Wisconsin system to retire early with full benefits and to add time spent in the military to their years of teaching in the system for retirement purposes. Starting in June he will have the status of professor emeritus of history at the University of Wisconsin, Oshkosh.

Dwight W. Hoover, 1953, contributed a chapter, "The Historical Background of Middletown's Religion," to All Faithful People by Theodore Caplow, Howard Bahr, et al., published by the University of Minnesota Press in 1983. This is the second of three volumes in the "Middletown III" resudy of Muncie. He coauthored two articles with John Hewitt, "Local Modernization and Crime," Late and Human Behavior (winter 1982) and "Policing Middletown: 1850-1900," Journal of Police Science and Administration (June 1983). He also read a paper which was coauthored by John Hewitt at the annual meeting of the Social Science History Association held at Bloomington, Indiana, on November 7, 1982. The paper's title was "Crime and Mental Illness in Middletown, 1870-1910." He also read three other papers this academic year. They were "Middletown: A Case Study of Religious Development, 1832-1982" at The Toocqueville Society meeting at Charlottesville, Virginia, October 8, 1982; "Is Modernization a Useful Concept in Historical Writing? Middletown as a Case Study" at the meeting of the Indiana Association of Historians at Bloomington, Indiana, March 12, 1983; and "The History and Background of the Middletown Film Project" at the joint meeting of the Midcontinent and North Central American Studies Association at Iowa City, Iowa, April 16, 1983. He chaired a session, "Perspectives on American Urban housing," at the annual meeting of the Organization of American Historians at Cincinnati, Ohio, April 8, 1983. The "Middletown" film series in which he was involved received an Emmy nomination for the best informational series on television on August 5, 1982, but, unfortunately, was beaten out by Bill Moyers's series. He did receive a small grant from the National Endowment for the Humanities to bring the outtakes of the "Middletown" films from New York City to the Center for Middletown Studies which he chairs. He also received a summer research grant from Ball State University to work on a forthcoming book, Magic Middletown.

Lawrence J. McCaffrey, 1954, Loyola University of Chicago, gave the address and received an honorary doctorate of humanities at the centennial convocation of St. Ambrose College, Davenport, Iowa, August 24, 1982. In October 1982, he organized the Midwest American Irish Studies Conference at Loyola University of Chicago. McCaffrey chaired the "New Perspectives in Irish-American History" session at the American Historical Association meeting in Washington on December 28, 1982. In February 1983, he lectured on Irish and Irish-American Catholicism at Calvin College, Grand Rapids, Michigan. In May 1983, McCaffrey delivered the address at the St. Ambrose College commencement and then stayed over for two weeks to present a lecture series.